

A combined zone-LP and simulated annealing algorithm for unequal-area facility layout problem

Xiao, Y.J.^{a,b}, Zheng, Y.^c, Zhang, L.M.^{d,*}, Kuo, Y.H.^e

^aJiangsu Key Laboratory of Modern Logistics, School of Marketing and Logistic Management, Nanjing University of Finance and Economics, Nanjing, China

^bBusiness school, Nanjing University, Nanjing, China

^cCollege of Automobile and Traffic Engineering, Nanjing Forestry University, Nanjing, China

^dSchool of Management and Engineering, Nanjing University, Nanjing, China

^eStanley Ho Big Data Decision Analytics Research Centre, The Chinese University of Hong Kong, Shatin, New Territories, Hong Kong

ABSTRACT

Facility layout problem (FLP) is one of well-known NP-hard problems and has been demonstrated to be useful in enhancing the productivity of manufacturing systems in practice. This paper focuses on the unequal-area FLP (UA-FLP) whose goal is to locate departments with different areas within a given facility so as to minimize the total material handling cost. A novel approach, which we call a combined zone-linear programming (zone-LP) and simulated annealing algorithm, is developed for solving the UA-FLP. The zone-LP approach is a layout construction technique for the unequal-area departments and consists of two phases. In the first phase, a zoning algorithm is implemented to determine the relative positions between the departments. In this algorithm, for the sake of problem simplification and computational efficiency, each department is treated as a rectangle with an allowable aspect ratio and the area of the facility is assumed to be unbounded. In the second phase, by using the relative positions obtained in the first phase as input, a linear programming (LP) model is developed to identify the exact locations and dimensions of departments within the facility with specified sizes while satisfying their maximum aspect ratio requirement and the shape constraints. We also design a simulated annealing algorithm to improve the placing sequence. Finally, our computational results suggest that our proposed algorithm is efficient compared with the best existing approach in the literature.

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*Corresponding author:

zhanglm@nju.edu.cn
(Zhang, L.M.)

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Kombiniran algoritem c-LP in simuliranega ohlajanja za problem razporeditve prostorov neenakih površin znotraj objekta

^aJiangsu Key Laboratory of Modern Logistics, School of Marketing and Logistic Management, Nanjing University of Finance and Economics, Nanjing, China

^bBusiness school, Nanjing University, Nanjing, China

^cCollege of Automobile and Traffic Engineering, Nanjing Forestry University, Nanjing, China

^dSchool of Management and Engineering, Nanjing University, Nanjing, China

^eStanley Ho Big Data Decision Analytics Research Centre, The Chinese University of Hong Kong, Shatin, New Territories, Hong Kong

POVZETEK

Problem razporeditve prostorov je znan računsko zahteven problem in se s pridom uporablja za povečanje produktivnosti proizvodnih sistemov. Ta članek se ukvarja z znižanjem stroškov pretoka materiala, z razporeditvijo prostorov v proizvodnih objektih, v katerih oddelki nimajo enakih površin. Za rešitev problema je vpeljan nov algoritem, ki je kombinacija conskega linearnega programiranja (c-LP) in simuliranega ohlajanja. Algoritem c-LP je primeren za razporeditev prostora za oddelke neenakih površin in je dvofazen. V prvi fazi je uporabljen conski algoritem s katerim so pridobljene relativne razdalje med oddelki. Oddelki so poenostavljeno obravnavani kot pravokotniki z nastavljivim razmerjem stranic, velikost celotnega objekta pa ni omejena. V drugi fazi inovativni model linearnega programiranja iz pridobljenih razdalj med oddelki in omejitev oblik oddelkov pridobi natančne pozicije in dimenzije oddelkov znotraj objekta. Za izboljšanje zaporedja postavitve oddelkov je uporabljen algoritem simuliranega ohlajanja. Računsko pridobljeni rezultati potrjujejo učinkovitost predlaganega pristopa v primerjavi z najboljšimi obstoječimi pristopi.

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PODATKI O ČLANKU

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**Kontaktna oseba:*

srimbo@mek.dtu.dk
(Boorla, S.M.)

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